2017

Introduction: Unpacking the Census – 2017

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Notable Trends:

- Exponential growth of poverty in suburban areas
- Children living in poverty extremely high within City, growing in counties
- Disparities in poverty rates categorized by race/ethnicity
  - Hispanic/Latino poverty rate growing fastest
- Falling income in urban areas and close suburbs
- Significant growth in foreign-born population living in suburban areas
“Hispanic, Latino, or Spanish origin” is not a race
Each person who selects Hispanic/Latino must also choose a “race”

HISPANIC/LATINO POPULATION BY RACE

- White, 64%
- Some other race alone, 22%
- Two or more races, 7%
- American Indian, 2%
- Black, 5%
2015 Poverty Thresholds (U.S.)

- Based on American Communities Survey (ACS) 5 year Estimates
- Poverty threshold for a 4-person family: $24,257
- Poverty threshold for one person:
  - Under age 65: $12,331
  - 65 years and over: $11,367
Numbers of People in Poverty

2000
- Suburbs: 41%
- City: 59%

2015
- Suburbs: 53%
- City: 47%